

# **Westleton Common**



## **Annual Report 2016**

# **WESTLETON COMMON ANNUAL REPORT 2016**

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## **Westleton Common Advisory Group 2016**

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## CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

The “Barley Bird” has arrived ! The first hearing of the nightingale on the Common was recorded on 13<sup>th</sup> April, thereby outdoing Westleton Heath where, according to local folklore, the first nightingale is heard on the twenty seventh. This remarkable small bird reaches Westleton at the end of a 3000 mile migration from the Savannah of Central Africa. Its arrival marks the beginning of a resurgence of life on the Common when we enjoy the results of our labours of 2016. During this year the Community Payback Teams spent a considerable amount of time with us and cleared great swathes of gorse , birch and bracken., particularly on the Noddle and on the mound to the left of the Mill Street entrance.

This mound had been inaccessible for many years and its clearance has transformed the area. It is already beginning to green. It is now possible to walk to the top and enjoy a view which has not been seen for the past 25 years or so. In the Spring sunlight this view is alive with colour and is the frontispiece of the Report.

There is new life everywhere. When walking the footpaths take care lest you step on a pencil thin baby adder, making its way in the world for the first time. The display of blossom on the Blackthorn in Mill Road at the junction with Bakers Lane is overwhelming. All of this new life emerges in a landscape which is about 2 million years old.

This year we have invited Geo Suffolk to contribute a piece on the Geology of Westleton Common and we are pleased to include an article by Howard Mottram.

He writes about Norwich Crag, which is the basic geological feature of the Common and is about 2 million years old. The glossy Geology books tell us that this places the Common in the Pleistocene Epoch. Early morning dog walkers be alert for woolly mammoths, giant ground sloths and mastodons. Be alert too, to enjoy the almost daily changes in the scene as you make your way along the footpaths ; fresh blossom, new ground plants, new bird song and new visual effects as the light changes with the time of day and the passing season.

The comprehensive records kept by Juliet Bullimore of the Nature Walks, Observation visits and Working Parties show what the Common has to offer and how much pleasure people get from it. If you are a volunteer member of the Working Parties then give yourself a pat on the back because you have made a valuable contribution to these pleasures that we have on our doorstep.

Roy Jones.

Chairman

April 2017

## Alittle History

The Common is registered under the Commons Act 1899, which includes Bye-Laws and the scheme for Regulation and Management of the Common.

In the Westleton Tithe Map of 1842, the Common is shown as area 710, of 46 acres, which has the same boundaries as the present site. It was described as pasture, and had no owner listed, as it was Tithe-free Land. There were a few cottages adjoining the Common, and Ralph's Mill was shown. Also adjoining the Common, the Church had some allotments (where the gun club is now). The area south of the Common was heathland owned by Lord Huntingfield, who was Lord of the Manor of Minsmere/Scotts Hall, as well as a substantial landowner in the area.



Tower Mill, known as Ralph's Mill, 1899 *Alf Fisk*

The Ordnance Survey Map of 1885 shows several gravel pits, which provided gravel for roads and for local builders. Some of these pits, and others, are shown in the Ordnance Survey Maps of 1904 and 1927. There was a pole across the entrance, to allow access for wheelbarrows etc, but no vehicles. In 1942 the gravel workings were taken over by Wimpey and Costain, and the size of the pit increased greatly as the gravel was needed for the construction of nearby airfields during World War II. The numerous 7-ton lorries conveying the gravel away were a familiar sight, as were the loading draglines. From the early 1900s to the 1940s, the Common was owned by the Lord of the Manor of Minsmere/Scotts Hall (Caines family).

Before a mains water supply came to Westleton in the mid-1950s, families living near the Common obtained water in the summer from two 'rock-holes'. A hole 4 to 6 feet deep was layered with clay at the bottom, then straw and stones laid on top. Once filled with water they seldom dried up, night-time moisture and dew would refill them. They can still just be seen under the oak trees beside the path down to the Reckford Road. The slope above, which had no trees then, was used for the first motorcycle hill climbs, before the activity moved to the Mumberry Hills.



View looking north across the gravel workings -  
Bakers Lane houses in the distance 1947 *Alf Fisk*

*Alison Paul and Frances Berry, with the help of Ronnie Strowger, Morgan Caines, Barbara Caines, Jill Houghton, Frank Rouse, Jean Rouse, Penny Rous and Ann Follows  
(Alf Fisk's photographs are reproduced courtesy of Cana Turner)*

## WESTLETON COMMON - ITS GEOLOGY

It's always a pleasure to walk over Westleton Common, to hear the birds twittering and calling, to see butterflies flitting around and other people enjoying it all, some with dogs scampering around. But what is actually under our feet? The earth's crust is believed to be around 32km (20miles) thick in this area but most of our detailed knowledge comes from only the top 10 to 20m or so as this is what we can most easily glimpse here and in nearby pits and coastal cliffs. The first clues come from the vegetation- gorse, heathers, acidic grasses. Then there are the diggings of the rabbits that interested the walkers' dogs. The answer is that most of the ground is made up of sands. Geologists call these pale coloured sands Norwich Crag, which is about 2 million years old. Crag is an East Anglian term that means shelly. Our Victorian forebears were keen collectors and probably over optimistic with their geological names since the Norwich Crag usually doesn't contain shells and, please prove me wrong but, to date no one has recorded any shells from Westleton Common.

At locations where people have found fossil shells they give us an insight into the climate. Although a few of the fossil shells look like those that occur today in colder temperatures and some in warmer temperatures, many of them look like the shells that we can find today around the UK e.g. cockles, periwinkles, tellins (called *Macoma* these days). It is therefore reasonable for us to think that the temperatures some 2 million years ago were not vastly different to what they are today.

The layering and other features in the sands such as ripples tell us that the North Sea that deposited the sands was relatively shallow; once again something that is comparable to the modern day situation. What is unusual is that the sands sometimes contain thick gravel deposits and luckily, one of these deposits, a few hundred metres wide, runs through Westleton Common. The gravel's pebbles are virtually all flints that have been tumbled and thrown about in the sea until any projections and lumps have been broken off and the flints have taken on a much more rounded shape. When we look at the surface of the flint pebbles, they often show lots of small crescent shaped scars that bear testament to the flint pebbles having been bashed into one another particularly during winter storms. It is believed that these pebbles initially accumulated along the Norwich Crag beaches but that, unlike the modern beach at say Dunwich, these beaches did not directly front the mainland. Instead the Norwich Crag beaches fronted a string of "barrier" islands and during storms the gravels were dislodged and re-deposited in the channels between the islands; to date no one has recorded this type of gravel deposit outside of this area of Suffolk.

It is likely that gravels were dug from Westleton Common on a very small local scale sometime before the pioneering gentleman geologist Joseph Prestwich described them here in 1871. Several small pits are clearly marked on the Ordnance Survey maps that were prepared in 1883. Interestingly, Edward Lingwood painted a flooded pit near Ralph's Mill in 1899. It probably flooded due to the presence of a thin clay layer that had been noted by Prestwich. Commercial exploitation continued off and on and finally ceased in the 1960s when the operator transferred its efforts to the same geology at Wangford. But that's another story.



## Some further background to the “Westleton Beds” (Editors)

In 1871 Joseph Prestwich, Professor of Geology at Oxford University, brought the village of Westleton to the notice of the geological world when he described beds of well-rounded flint pebbles embedded in white sand to a thickness of 30-40 feet. He was the first to name these the “Westleton Beds”, which are a type of Norwich Crag.

GeoSuffolk, an association of geologists specialising in Suffolk, regard Westleton Common as of particular geological interest, and it is classified as a County Geosite (CGS) showing that they regard this non-statutory site to be worthy of enhanced status – in effect an informal geological reserve. In view of its public accessibility and geological interest, GeoSuffolk have given information on this CGS to Suffolk Coast and Heaths AONB. They have also informed the Suffolk County Council Landscape Development Officer that it is a local site of geological importance.

### **References**

J Prestwich (1871), *On the structure of the crag-beds of Suffolk and Norfolk with some observations on their organic remains, Part 3. The Norwich Crag and Westleton Beds.* Q.J.Geol.Soc.London 27, p425-496.

### GeoSuffolk Visit to Westleton Common on July 17th 2010



This visit was followed on April 9th 2011 by a WEA day course entitled "The Geology of Westleton Common" led by Bob Markham.

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## Work Parties 2016

Local volunteers, led by David Rous, do valuable work at the 6 sessions held over the winter each year, in order to maintain a balance of vegetation on the Common. Gorse and birch is cut back in rotation according to the 10 year Management Plan arranged with Natural England in 2013. It is a sociable exercise which is rewarded by the provision of excellent homemade refreshments at half-time.

### Saturday January 16th

13 people

Scrub was cleared back in the area at the top of Bakers Lane opposite "High Oaks".



Before



Hard at work!



Coffee Break



Job done!

Also in January, Community payback workers cleared a large area of gorse adjacent to the upper part of Black Slough on the east side of the Common.





Saturday February 20th

12 people.

Gorse clearance on the Noddle.



Saturday March 19th

11 people.

Debris raked off the bank beside Black Slough (David Rous having burnt the gorse cut by the Community Payback workers in January).





Saturday September 17th

7 people.

Gorse cutting in the southern area of the Common.



Saturday October 15th

7 people

Pulling/digging out birch seedlings and bramble patches from the 'Old Football Field' heather area on the north side of Bakers Lane.



Saturday November 19th

14 people.

Continuation of the work carried out in October on the 'Old Football Field'



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Stuart McKenzie



Stuart was one of our most stalwart volunteers, and it is with great sorrow that we report his tragic death in a motorcycle accident. He is much missed by his family and his many friends in Westleton.

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Further work carried out by the Community Payback Workers:

Gorse clearance on the left of the main entrance to the Common, and on the Noddle.

We are very grateful for all the work carried out this year by our loyal band of volunteers under David Rous's expert guidance; there was an average of 10 workers at the 6 sessions. Lovely homemade refreshments were provided for the workers by Pam and Alan Hargreaves, and others when they were not available - thank you!

Our gratitude also goes to the Community Payback Workers who make it much easier to fulfil the quota of gorse clearance required by the management plan.

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## Nature Walks and Observations 2016

Throughout the year, from February until November, informal walks are held every few weeks, for those interested in knowing more about the varied flora and fauna to be found on the Common.

February 27th 2016

7 people

Weather chilly but dry



Birds heard - Robin, Chaffinch, Dunnet, Wrens, Woodlarks, Great Tit  
and seen:

Goldcrests and Gulls circling (Herring & Black headed)

Flowers

Gorse, Daffodils

Mosses

Hypnum jutlandium, Juicy Lucy, Polytrichum spp, Cryphia heteromalla - clean air indicator  
Dichanum septum, Campyla.



Liverwort

Lophocolea semiteres - Southern Hemisphere origin

Brain fungus on gorse (v. dried up)

Minotaur Beetle holes in sand piles

Fox spoor

March observations:

Early March:

Larks heard, honey bee, and bumble bee seen, on north side of Common

Great Tits in wooded area behind Noddle

March 14th:

Pond north of Old Football Field:



March 25th:

Tortoiseshell butterfly, Bumblebee

Greenfinch, Great Tit, Robin, Blue Tit, Chaffinch, Fieldfares,  
Chiff Chaff heard.

Daffodils, Green Alcanet,



Chaffinch



Daffodils

April 2nd observations:

Blackthorn has finished flowering in some places, and has yet to start in others.

Gorse in flower.

Birds heard and/or seen: Greenfinches, Chaffinches, Chiff Chaff, Great Tit, Longtailed Tits.

Peacock Butterfly.



Peacock Butterfly



## Nature Walk Saturday April 16th

6 people

Cool weather, mostly cloudy



Plenty of bird song - and some birds seen as well as heard

Great Tit, Greenfinch, Gold Crest, Coal Tit, Dunnock, Woodlark (singing loudly), Song Thrush, Chiff Chaff, Robin, Skylark (over adjacent field), Sparrowhawk, Blackcap, Wren, Pheasant, Swallows, Magpie, Willow Warbler, Blue Tit, Blackbird, Jay, Crow, Blackheaded Gull, Nightingales heard (a bit quiet).

Plants in flower: Gorse, Climbing Corydalis.

Fungus: Turkeytail (old)

Insects: Minotaur beetle hole, Bumble Bee (*Bombus Bombus*)

Animals: Rabbit, Grey squirrels.

Reptiles: 8 different Adders seen by David Rous during the week - more females than males - on the south slope of the Noddle and the far SW side.



Great Tit



Greenfinch

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## April and May Sightings by Jane and David Collins

### 23rd/24th April

Birds heard : nightingale 3, blackcap 1, wren 1, blackbird 1.

Seen: goldcrest 1, chiffchaff 2, long tailed tit 1, robin 2, great tit 3, pheasant (m) 1, kestrel 1,

Also: bumblebee 1

Biting stonecrop

"Lords & Ladies"

Time from 17:15 on. Conditions cold, mostly dry with one short hail shower!

### Saturday April 30th 10pm

At least 4 Nightingales singing

### Sunday May 1st

Time from 18:00. Conditions bright, dry, mild with cool wind.

Birds Heard only:

Greenfinch, Partridge, Willow warbler

Birds seen:

Blackbirds 3 male 1 female, Blackcap 1 male 1 female, Bluetit 5, Chaffinch 2 male 1 female  
Chiffchaff 1, Goldfinch 1, Grey heron 1 (flying over), Long tailed tit 1

Nightingale 1 (+ 2 more heard but not seen)

Redpoll 1, Robin 3, Song thrush 1, Skylark 1, Swallow 1, Lesser White throat 1 male

Also:

Muntjac 1, Rabbits 7+, Bumblebees 2

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Sightings for Wednesday 11th May 2016 from 5.35pm. Conditions: warm, dry, very light breeze.

Heard only:

Chiffchaff 3, Cetti's warbler 1, Greenfinch 1, Willow warbler 3

Birds seen:

Blackbirds 5 males, Blackcap 2, Black headed gull (flying over), Bluetit 1, Chaffinch 1  
Coal tit 1, Dunnock 2, Great tit 1, Linnet 4, Magpie 1

Nightingale 2 in full view + 2 more heard, Robin 2, Skylark 1, Swallow 1, Wood lark 1

Wood pigeons 5

Also:

Orange tip butterfly 1

Large white butterfly 1

Many small bees collecting willow pollen

Buff-tailed bumblebees

### April 30th

DASH Astronomical Society (<http://dash-astro.co.uk>) observation evening on the Common - which we are pleased to announce has been granted Dark Sky Discovery Site Status.

### May 7th

Moth viewing session - led by Clive Moore and Clive Ireland

14 interested people attended and 16 species of moth were identified.

See Appendix for full record of species.



Swallow Prominent Moth

### Nature Walk Saturday May 28th

15 people



### Birds seen and/or heard:

Chiffchaff, Willow Warbler, Skylark, Chaffinch, Robin, Great Tit, Bluetit, Wren, Woodlarks (singing), Common Buzzard.

### Wildflowers

Changing Forget-me-not, Green Alcanet, Storksbill, Ground Ivy, Cranesbill, Spotted Medick, Bugloss, Germander Speedwell, Field Forget-me-not, Mouse Ear Chickweed, Hawkweed, Vetch, Greater Stitchwort, White Comfrey, Russian Comfrey, Climbing Corydalis, Sheep's Sorrel, Stonecrop, Scarlet Pimpernel, Fiddleneck, Broom, Least Yellow Sorrel, Pink Sorrel, Foxgloves.



## Insects

Butterflies: 3 Green Hairstreaks, Orange tip, Large White, 2 Small Coppers, Common Blue.



Green Hairstreak Butterfly

Craneflies, 4 spot chaser dragonfly, Bumble Bee, Antlion sand trap.

## Spiders

Funnel Spider.

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## June 11th

Speckled Wood Butterfly

Wildflowers: Heath Bedstraw, Heath Speedwell, Wall Pennywort, Silver leaved Cinquefoil, Sheeps Sorrel.

## June 24th

Butterflies: Skipper, Ringlet, many Silver Studded Blues.  
several Silver Y Moths



Skipper Butterfly



Ringlet Butterfly

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## Saturday June 25th

Moth observing Session led by Clive Ireland  
8 people attended, 56 species identified.

See Appendix for full record of moth species.



Buff Tip Moth

## June 29th

Alison Paul and Juliet Bullimore identified 51 species of wild flowers on the regenerated carparking area:

St. John's Wort, White Stonecrop, Wild strawberry, Alexanders, Willow Herb, Nettles, Dunwich Rose, Goosegrass (cleavers), Scarlet Pimpernel, Vetch, Lesser Trefoil, Mouse Ear Chickweed, Bell Heather, Honeysuckle, Mossy Stonecrop, Wild Privet, Mallow Neglecta, Ling, Rib Plantain, Changing Forget-me-not, Clustered Clover, Clarey, Buckshorn Plantain, Birdsfoot, Mouse Hawkweed, Yarrow, Selfheal, Wall Speedwell, Moth Mullein, Common Cudweed, Hoary Cinquefoil, Birdsfoot Trefoil, Bramble, Gorse, Ragwort, Catsear, Spear Thistle, Prickly Sowthistle, Dovesfoot Cranesbill, Hawksbeard, Dock, Field Forget-me-not, White Clover, Sheeps Sorrel, Yellow flower Oxalis, Common Storksbill, Creeping Thistle, Teasel, Broom, White Campion.

## Nature Walk Saturday July 2nd

9 people

### Insects

Butterflies: Silver Studded Blues, Meadow Brown, Comma, Tortoiseshell, Ringlet, Small Heath.

Bumblebees - *Bombus lapridatus*, *Bombus silvanum* and *Bombus lecorum*, Hoverfly, Honeybees, Grasshoppers - Common Heath and Meadow, Hummingbird Hawkmoth, Bush Cricket - Common brown, Dragonflies - Black tailed Skimmer and Chaser, green wasp.



Silver Studded Blue on Bell Heather



Comma on Bramble flowers

### Birds

Chiff Chaff, Black Cap, Marsh Harrier (over field).

### Wild Flowers

White flowered Stonecrop, Honeysuckle, Bramble, Dog rose, Dovesfoot Cranesbill, Buttercup, Scarlet Pimpernel, Thyme-leaved Speedwell, Ragwort, Black Horehound, Common Cranesbill, Selfheal, Cinquefoil, Small Catsear, Spear Thistle, Birdsfoot Trefoil, White and Pink Campion, Prickly Sowthistle, Red Bartsia (in bud), Oxeye Daisies, Russian Comfrey, White Clover, Black Mullein, Field Forget-me-not, Bee Orchids (3), Common Cudweed, Mouse ear Chickweed, Foxglove, Climbing Corydalis, Sheep's Sorrel, Bell Heather, Broom Rape, Navel Wort, Fiddleneck, Hoary Cinquefoil, Greater Celandine.

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### Saturday July 23rd

Moth viewing session led by Clive Moore and Clive Ireland: 3 people,  
77 species of moth - see Appendix for full record.

Also seen - Gatekeeper and Large White butterflies, and a Robin and a Chiff Chaff.

### Saturday August 28th

Moth viewing session led by Clive Moore and Clive Ireland.

14 people

See Appendix for full record of species identified.

### Nature Walk Saturday September 3rd

13 people

The most interesting sighting was of a female Wasp Spider - *Argiope bruennichi*



A few days later - on September 16th - her large flask-like egg sac was spotted!

Other Spiders and Insects seen:

Orb spider, Bee wolf wasp, English Wasp, Hunting Wasp - *Ammophila*, Heath Bumblebee, White-tailed Bumblebee - *Bombus leucorum*, Honey bee, Solitary bee - *Colletes succinctus*, Butterflies: Speckled Wood, Comma, Common Blue, Small Copper, Tortoiseshell, Small Heath, Grayling.

Dragonflies: Migrant Hawkers, Female Common Darter.

Birds: Great Tit, Robin (juvenile), Common Crow.

Mammal: Stoat

Wild flowers: Evening Primrose, Red Bartsia, Common Clover, Moth Mullein.

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## Nature Walk Saturday November 5th

10 people

Seen on the corner of the carparking area:

Dog Lichen, Reindeer moss (*Cladonia rangiferina*).

Polytrichum and Syntrichia ruralis mosses

Russula and Brain fungi

On the walk:

some of the Fungi seen:

Fly Agaric, Mycena pura, False Chanterelle, Butter cap, Earthball, Green Russula, Polypore bracket, Honey fungus, Moor Club, Jelly rot (*Phlebia tremellosus*), Parasol.



Moor Club fungus



Jelly Rot fungus

A full list of fungi seen on the Common in 2016 can be found in the Appendix.

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## Reptiles

During 2016 David Rous saw 3 male and 6 female adders and a common lizard.



Adder

Photo David Rous

## APPENDIX

### Silver Studded Blue Butterflies 2016

Recorded by David Rous

SSB 2016

DATE	24/06/16	28/06/16	30/06/16	04/07/16	06/07/16	18/07/16
A1 M	2	5	5	9	13	6
A1 F	1	1	3	3	5	2
A2 M	0	0	0	0	0	0
A2 F	0	0	0	0	0	0
A3 M	30	16	24	23	26	12
A3 F	4	4	7	5	10	6
A4 M	2	4	2	6	5	1
A4 F	0	1	3	2	1	3
A5 M	17	9	13	12	10	4
A5 F	2	2	4	3	4	1
A6 M	14	13	21	17	21	1
A6 F	3	5	5	5	4	1
A7 M	21	10	9	9	14	3
A7 F	1	1	4	2	4	1
A8 M	22	14	15	16	24	2
A8 F	2	4	2	4	5	0
TOTAL M	108	71	89	92	113	29
TOTAL F	13	18	28	24	33	14
Total	121	89	117	116	146	43

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### MOTH RECORDS 2016

#### WESTLETON COMMON - MOTH RECORDS 2016

Recorded by Clive  
Moore and Clive Ireland

Check-  
list No.

2016      06-  
May      25-  
Jun      22-Jul      27-  
Aug

**MACRO MOTHS**  
**Hepialidae (Swift**  
**moths)**

14

*Hepialus humuli*

GHOST MOTH

15	<i>Hepialus sylvina</i>	ORANGE SWIFT	✓				1
17	<i>Hepialus lupulinus</i>	COMMON SWIFT					
<b>Cossidae (Leopard and goat moths)</b>							
161	<i>Zeuzera pyrina</i>	LEOPARD MOTH					
<b>Lasiocampidae (Eggar moths)</b>							
1634	<i>Malacosoma neutria</i>	LACKEY					
1637	<i>Lasiocampa quercus</i>	OAK EGGAR					
1638	<i>Macrothylacia rubi</i>	FOX MOTH	✓	2			
1640	<i>Euthrix potatoria</i>	DRINKER	✓			1	
<b>Drepanidae (Hook-tips)</b>							
1645	<i>Falcaria lacertinaria</i>	SCALLOPED HOOK-TIP					
1646	<i>Watsonalla binaria</i>	OAK HOOK-TIP					
1648	<i>Drepana falcata</i>	PEBBLE HOOK-TIP	✓			1	3
1651	<i>Cillix glaucata</i>	CHINESE CHARACTER	✓				2
<b>Thyatiridae</b>							
1652	<i>Thyatira batis</i>	PEACH BLOSSOM					
1653	<i>Habrosyne pyritoides</i>	BUFF ARCHES	✓	1		1	
1654	<i>Tethea ocularis</i>	FIGURE OF EIGHTY	✓	1			
1660	<i>Polyphoca ridens</i>	FROSTED GREEN					
<b>Geometridae - Geometrinae (Emeralds)</b>							
1665	<i>Pseudoterpna pruinata</i>	GRASS EMERALD					
1666	<i>Geometra papilionaria</i>	LARGE EMERALD	✓			1	
1667	<i>Comibaena bajularia</i>	BLOTCHED EMERALD	✓	2			
<b>Geometridae - Sterrhinae (Mochas &amp; Waves)</b>							
1677	<i>Cyclophora albipunctata</i>	BIRCH MOCHA	✓	1			
1680	<i>Cyclophora punctaria</i>	MAIDEN'S BLUSH	✓	2		2	1
1682	<i>Timandra comae</i>	BLOOD-VEIN	✓				1
1699	<i>Idaea rusticata</i>	LEAST CARPET	✓			1	
1702	<i>Idaea biselata</i>	SMALL FAN-FOOTED WAVE	✓			1	
1705	<i>Idaea fuscovenosa</i>	DWARF CREAM WAVE					
1707	<i>Idaea seriata</i>	SMALL DUSTY WAVE					
1708	<i>Idaea dimidiata</i>	SINGLE-DOTTED WAVE					
1711	<i>Idaea trigeminata</i>	TREBLE BROWN SPOT	✓	1			
1712	<i>Idaea emarginata</i>	SMALL SCALLOP	✓			1	
1713	<i>Idaea aversata</i>	RIBAND WAVE	✓	3		5	
<b>Geometridae - Larentinae (Carpets, pugs &amp; allies)</b>							
1724	<i>Xanthorhae spadicearia</i>	RED TWIN-SPOT CARPET					
	<i>Xanthorhae</i>						
1726	<i>quadrifasiata</i>	LARGE TWIN-SPOT CARPET					
1738	<i>Epirrhoe alternata</i>	COMMON CARPET	✓	1			
	<i>Camptogramma</i>						
1742	<i>bilineata</i>	YELLOW SHELL					
1758	<i>Eulithis pyraliata</i>	BARRED STRAW					
1764	<i>Chloroclysta truncata</i>	COMMON MARBLED CARPET					
1765	<i>Cidaria fulvata</i>	BARRED YELLOW					
1768	<i>Thera obeliscata</i>	GREY PINE CARPET					
1769	<i>Thera britannica</i>	SPRUCE CARPET					

1773	<i>Electrophates corylata</i>	BROKEN-BARRED CARPET	✓	1		
1776	<i>Colostygia pectinataria</i>	GREEN CARPET				1
1808	<i>Perizoma flavofasciata</i>	SANDY CARPET				
1817	<i>Eupithecia pulchellata</i>	FOXGLOVE PUG				
1819	<i>Eupithecia irriguata</i>	MOTTLED PUG	✓	1		
1825	<i>Eupithecia centaureata</i>	LIME-SPECK PUG	✓			2
1832	<i>Eupithecia assimilata</i>	CURRENT PUG	✓			1
1834	<i>Eupithecia vulgata</i>	COMMON PUG				
1837	<i>Eupithecia subfuscata</i>	GREY PUG				
1838	<i>Eupithecia icterata</i>	TAWNY SPECKLED PUG				
1839	<i>Eupithecia succenturiata</i>	BORDERED PUG				
1846	<i>Eupithecia nanata</i>	NARROW-WINGED PUG				
1852	<i>Eupithecia abbreviata</i>	BRINDLED PUG	✓	1		
1853	<i>Eupithecia dodoneata</i>	OAK-TREE PUG	✓	1		
1858	<i>Chloroclystis v-ata</i>	V-PUG				
1860	<i>Pasiphila rectangulata</i>	GREEN PUG				
1862	<i>Gymnoscelis rufifasciata</i>	DOUBLE-STRIPED PUG				
1883	<i>Acasis viretata</i>	YELLOW-BARRED BRINDLE	✓			1

#### Geometridae - Ennominae (Thorns, beauties, umbers & allies)

1887	<i>Lomaspilis marginata</i>	CLOUDED BORDER	✓	2	2	2
1889	<i>Macaria notata</i>	PEACOCK MOTH	✓	1		
1890	<i>Macaria alternata</i>	SHARP-ANGLED PEACOCK				
1894	<i>Chiasmia clathrata</i>	LATTICED HEATH	✓			1
1902	<i>Petrophora chlorosata</i>	BROWN SILVER-LINE				
1904	<i>Plagodis dolabraria</i>	SCORCHED WING	✓	2		
1906	<i>Opisthograptis luteolata</i>	BRIMSTONE MOTH				2
1910	<i>Apeira syringaria</i>	LILAC BEAUTY				
1913	<i>Ennomos alniraria</i>	CANARY-SHOULDERED THORN	✓			2
1914	<i>Ennomos fuscantaria</i>	DUSKY THORN	✓			3
1917	<i>Selenia dentaria</i>	EARLY THORN	✓		1	
1921	<i>Crocallis elinguaris</i>	SCALLOPED OAK	✓		2	
1922	<i>Ourapteryx samucaria</i>	SWALLOW-TAILED MOTH	✓		2	
1931	<i>Biston betularia</i>	PEPPERED MOTH	✓		1	
1935	<i>Erannis defoliaria</i>	MOTTLED UMBER				
1936	<i>Menophra abruptaria</i>	WAVED UMBER				
1937	<i>Peribatodes rhomboidaria</i>	WILLOW BEAUTY	✓	3	2	3
1941	<i>Alcis rependata</i>	MOTTLED BEAUTY				
1944	<i>Hypomecis punctinalis</i>	PALE OAK BEAUTY				
1947	<i>Ectropis bistortata</i>	ENGRAILED				
1952	<i>Ematurga atomaria</i>	COMMON HEATH				
1955	<i>Cabera pusaria</i>	COMMON WHITE WAVE				
1958	<i>Lomographa temerata</i>	CLOUDED SILVER				
1961	<i>Campaea margaritata</i>	LIGHT EMERALD	✓			2
1962	<i>Hylaea fasciaria</i>	BARRED RED	✓	1		
1970	<i>Perconia strigillaria</i>	GRASS WAVE				

#### Sphinginae - Sphingae (Hawkmoths)

1976	<i>Sphinx ligustri</i>	PRIVET HAWKMOTH	✓		1	
1978	<i>Hyloicus pinastri</i>	PINE HAWKMOTH				

#### Sphinginae - Smerinthinae (Hawkmoths)

1979	<i>Mimas tiliae</i>	LIME HAWKMOTH				
1980	<i>Smerinthus ocellata</i>	EYED HAWKMOTH	✓	1		
1981	<i>Laothoe populi</i>	POPLAR HAWKMOTH	✓		3	1

**Sphinginae - Macroglossinae (Hawkmoths)**

1987	<i>Hyles gallii</i>	BEDSTRAW HAWKMOTH				
1991	<i>Deilephila elpenor</i>	ELEPHANT HAWKMOTH	✓		2	3
1992	<i>Deilephila porcellus</i>	SMALL ELEPHANT HAWKMOTH				

**Notodontidae - Notodontinae (Prominents & kitten moths)**

1997	<i>Furcula furcula</i>	SALLOW KITTEN				
2000	<i>Notodonta dromedarius</i>	IRON PROMINENT				
2003	<i>Notodonta ziczac</i>	PEBBLE PROMINENT	✓	2		
2006	<i>Pheosia gnoma</i>	LESSER SWALLOW PROMINENT	✓	4	6	2
2007	<i>Pheosia tremula</i>	SWALLOW PROMINENT	✓	1		
2008	<i>Ptilodon capucina</i>	COXCOMB PROMINENT				
2011	<i>Pterostoma palpina</i>	PALE PROMINENT				
2014	<i>Drymonia dodonaea</i>	MARBLED BROWN	✓		1	
2015	<i>Drymonia ruficornis</i>	LUNAR MARBLED BROWN	✓	1		

**Notodontidae -  
Phalerinae (Buff-tip)**

1994	<i>Phalera bucephala</i>	BUFF-TIP	✓		4	5
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**Notodontidae - Heterocampinae (Lobster Moth and Great Prominent)**

1999	<i>Stauropus fagi</i>	LOBSTER MOTH	✓		1	
2005	<i>Peridea anceps</i>	GREAT PROMINENT				

**Lymantriidae  
(Tussock moths)**

2028	<i>Calliteara pudibunda</i>	PALE TUSSOCK				
2029	<i>Euproctis chrysorrhoea</i>	BROWN-TAIL	✓			2
2030	<i>Euproctis similis</i>	YELLOW-TAIL	✓			10
2031	<i>Leucoma salicis</i>	WHITE SATIN MOTH				
2033	<i>Lymantria monacha</i>	BLACK ARCHES	✓			2

**Arctidae - Arctinae (Tiger moths, ermines, footman moths & allies)**

2037	<i>Miltochrista miniata</i>	ROSY FOOTMAN	✓			5
2043	<i>Eilema sororcula</i>	ORANGE FOOTMAN				
2044	<i>Eilema griseola</i>	DINGY FOOTMAN	✓			1
2047	<i>Eilema complana</i>	SCARCE FOOTMAN	✓			10
2049	<i>Eilema depressa</i>	BUFF FOOTMAN	✓			1
2050	<i>Eilema lurideola</i>	COMMON FOOTMAN	✓			5
2051	<i>Lithosia quadra</i>	FOUR-SPOTTED FOOTMAN	✓			1
2058	<i>Arctia villica</i>	CREAM-SPOT TIGER	✓		1	
2061	<i>Spilosoma luteum</i>	BUFF ERMINE	✓		5	5
2062	<i>Spilosoma urticae</i>	WHITE ERMINE	✓		1	
2063	<i>Diaphora mendica</i>	MUSLIN MOTH	✓	1		
2064	<i>Phragmatobia fuliginosa</i>	RUBY TIGER	✓		1	1
2069	<i>Tyria jacobaeae</i>	CINNABAR	✓		1	

**Nolidae**

2076	<i>Meganola albula</i>	KENT BLACK ARCHES				
2077	<i>Nola cucullatella</i>	SHORT-CLOAKED MOTH	✓			1
2078	<i>Nola confusalis</i>	LEAST BLACK ARCHES				

**Noctuidae - Noctuinae (Darts, yellow underwings & clays)**

2081	<i>Euxoa obelisca</i>	WHITE-LINE DART				
2085	<i>Agrotis vestigalis</i>	ARCHER'S DART				

2087	<i>Agrotis segetum</i>	TURNIP MOTH				
2088	<i>Agrotis clavis</i>	HEART AND CLUB	✓	1		
2089	<i>Agrotis exclamationis</i>	HEART AND DART	✓	6		
2091	<i>Agrotis ipsilon</i>	DARK SWORD-GRASS				
2092	<i>Agrotis puta</i>	SHUTTLE-SHAPED DART	✓		2	1
2098	<i>Axylia putris</i>	FLAME				
2102	<i>Ochropleura plecta</i>	FLAME SHOULDER	✓		1	1
2107	<i>Noctua pronuba</i>	LARGE YELLOW UNDERWING	✓	4	10	8
2108	<i>Noctua orbona</i>	LUNAR YELLOW UNDERWING				1
2109	<i>Noctua comes</i>	LESSER YELLOW UNDERWING	✓		1	
2110	<i>Noctua fimbriata</i>	BROAD-BORDERED YELLOW UNDWNG	✓		3	4
2111	<i>Noctua janthe</i>	LESSR BRD-BORDRD YELLW UNDWNG	✓			2
2117	<i>Eugnorisma glareosa</i>	AUTUMNAL RUSTIC				
2118	<i>Lycophotia porphyrea</i>	TRUE LOVER'S KNOT	✓		5	
2120	<i>Diarsia mendica</i>	INGRAILED CLAY				
2123	<i>Diarsia rubi</i>	SMALL SQUARE-SPOT				
2126	<i>Xestia c-nigrum</i>	SETACEOUS HEBREW CHARACTER	✓			8
2127	<i>Xestia ditrapezium</i>	TRIPLE-SPT. CLAY				
2128	<i>Xestia triangulum</i>	DOUBLE SQUARE-SPOT	✓	2	1	2
2131	<i>Xestia rhomboidea</i>	SQUARE-SPOTTED CLAY	✓			1
	<i>Xestia sexstrigata</i>	SIX-STRIPE RUSTIC	✓			1
2134	<i>Xestia xanthographa</i>	SQUARE-SPOT RUSTIC	✓			6
2135	<i>Xestia agathina</i>	HEATH RUSTIC				
2139	<i>Cerastis rubricosa</i>	RED CHESTNUT				

#### Noctuidae - Hadeninae (Brocades, quakers, leaf-eating wainscots)

2145	<i>Dicestra trifolii</i>	NUTMEG	✓			1
2147	<i>Hada plebeja</i>	SHEARS				
2150	<i>Polia nebulosa</i>	GREY ARCHES				
2152	<i>Sideridis albicolon</i>	WHITE COLON				
2154	<i>Mamestra brassicae</i>	CABBAGE MOTH	✓			2
2155	<i>Melanchra persicariae</i>	DOT MOTH	✓	1	5	
2157	<i>Lacanobia w-latinum</i>	LIGHT BROCADE	✓	1		
2159	<i>Lacanobia suasa</i>	DOG'S TOOTH				
2160	<i>Lacanobia oleracea</i>	BRIGHT-LINE BROWN-EYE	✓	2	1	1
2163	<i>Melanchra pisi</i>	BROOM MOTH				
2173	<i>Hadena bicruris</i>	LYCHNIS	✓		1	
2176	<i>Cerapteryx graminis</i>	ANTLER MOTH				
2177	<i>Tholea cespitis</i>	HEDGE RUSTIC	✓			2
2178	<i>Tholea decimalis</i>	FEATHERED GOTHIC				
2182	<i>Orthosia cruda</i>	SMALL QUAKER				
2186	<i>Orthosia gracilis</i>	POWDERED QUAKER	✓	2		
2187	<i>Orthosia cerasi</i>	COMMON QUAKER	✓	1		
2188	<i>Orthosia incerta</i>	CLOUDED DRAB	✓	2		
2190	<i>Orthosia gothica</i>	HEBREW CHARACTER	✓	3		
2193	<i>Mythimna ferrago</i>	CLAY	✓		5	
2194	<i>Mythimna albipuncta</i>	WHITE POINT	✓			1
2196	<i>Mythimna pudorina</i>	STRIPED WAINSCOT				
2197	<i>Mythimna straminea</i>	SOUTHERN WAINSCOT	✓		1	
2198	<i>Mythimna impura</i>	SMOKY WAINSCOT	✓		2	2
2199	<i>Mythimna pallens</i>	COMMON WAINSCOT	✓	3		1
2205	<i>Mythimna comma</i>	SHOULDER-STRIPED WAINSCOT	✓	1		

#### Noctuidae - Cucullinae (Sharks, shoulder-knots & allies)

2216	<i>Cucullia umbratica</i>	SHARK				
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2221	<i>Shargacucullia verbasci</i>	MULLEIN	✓	1	
2232	<i>Aporophyla nigra</i>	BLACK RUSTIC			
2243	<i>Xylocampa areola</i>	EARLY GREY	✓	1	
2255	<i>Polymixis lichenea</i>	FEATHERED RANUNCULUS			
<b>Noctuidae - Acronictinae (Chestnuts, sallows, daggers)</b>					
2265	<i>Agrochola helvola</i>	FLOUNCED CHESTNUT			
2266	<i>Agrochola litura</i>	BROWN-SPOT PINION			
2268	<i>Parastichtis suspecta</i>	SUSPECTED	✓		3
2269	<i>Atethmia centrargo</i>	CENTRE-BARRED SALLOW			
2270	<i>Omphaloscelis lumosa</i>	LUNAR UNDERWING			
2273	<i>Xanthia togata</i>	PINK-BARRED SALLOW			
2274	<i>Xanthia icteritia</i>	SALLOW			
2278	<i>Acronicta megacephala</i>	POPLAR GREY			
2279	<i>Acronicta aceris</i>	SYCAMORE			
2280	<i>Acronicta leporina</i>	MILLER			
2283	<i>Acronicta psi</i>	GREY DAGGER	✓		1
2289	<i>Acronicta rumicis</i>	KNOT GRASS	✓		1
2291	<i>Craniophora ligustri</i>	CORONET			
<b>Noctuidae - Bryophilinae</b>					
2293	<i>Cryphia domestica</i>	MARbled BEAUTY			
2295	<i>Cryphia muralis</i>	MARbled GREEN	✓		1
<b>Noctuidae - Amphipyridae (Arches, brindles, minors, rustics and allies)</b>					
	<i>Amphipyra</i> sp.	SVENSSON'S COPPER UNDERWING			
2297	<i>Amphipyra pyramidea</i>	COPPER UNDERWING			1
2301	<i>Dypterygia scabriuscula</i>	BIRD'S WING	✓	1	
2302	<i>Rusina ferruginea</i>	BROWN RUSTIC	✓	2	
2303	<i>Thalophila matura</i>	STRAW UNDERWING	✓		5
2305	<i>Euplexia lucipara</i>	SMALL ANGLE SHADES			
2306	<i>Phlogophora meticulosa</i>	ANGLE SHADES	✓	2	1
2318	<i>Cosmia trapezina</i>	DUN-BAR	✓		5
2319	<i>Cosmia pyralina</i>	LUNAR-SPOTTED PINION			
2321	<i>Apamea monoglypha</i>	DARK ARCHES	✓		10
2322	<i>Apamea lithoxylaea</i>	LIGHT ARCHES	✓		1
2326	<i>Apamea epomidion</i>	CLOUDED-BORDERED BRINDLE			
2330	<i>Apamea furva</i>	DUSKY BROCADE			
2334	<i>Apamea sordens</i>	RUSTIC SHOULDER-KNOT			
2335	<i>Apamea scolopuncta</i>	SLENDER BRINDLE	✓		1
2337	<i>Oligia strigilis</i>	MARbled MINOR	✓	2	
2338	<i>Oligia versicolor</i>	RUFous MINOR	✓		1
2339	<i>Oligia latruncula</i>	TAWNY MARbled MINOR	✓		1
2341	<i>Mesoligia furuncula</i>	CLOAKED MINOR			
2342	<i>Mesoligia literosa</i>	ROSY MINOR			
2343	<i>Mesapamea secalis</i>	COMMON RUSTIC	✓		15
2352	<i>Eremobia ochroleuca</i>	DUSKY SALLOW			
2353	<i>Luperina testacea</i>	FLOUNCED RUSTIC	✓		1
2361	<i>Hydraecia micacea</i>	ROSY RUSTIC	✓		1
2373	<i>Globia sparganii</i>	WEBB'S WAINSCOT	✓		1
2375	<i>Rhizedra lutosa</i>	LARGE WAINSCOT			
2377	<i>Arenostola phragmitidis</i>	FEN WAINSCOT			
2380	<i>Charanyca trigammica</i>	TREBLE LINES	✓	5	
2381	<i>Hoplodrina alsines</i>	UNCERTAIN	✓	6	10

2382	<i>Hoplodrina blanda</i>	RUSTIC	✓	1	3	
2384	<i>Hoplodrina ambigua</i>	VINE'S RUSTIC	✓			4
2387	<i>Caradrina morpheus</i>	MOTTLED RUSTIC				
<b>Noctuidae - Heliiothinae</b>						
2410	<i>Protodeltote pygarga</i>	MARbled WHITE SPOT				
<b>Noctuidae - Eariadinae</b>						
2418	<i>Earias clorana</i>	CREAM-BORDERED GREEN PEA				
<b>Noctuidae - Chloephorinae</b>						
2422	<i>Pseudops prasinana</i>	GREEN SILVER-LINES	✓	1		
<b>Noctuidae - Plusiinae (Silver and Gold Ys and brasses)</b>						
2433	<i>Diachrysia chrysitis</i>	BURNISHED BRASS	✓	2		1
2441	<i>Autographa gamma</i>	SILVER Y				
2443	<i>Autographa pulchrina</i>	PLAIN GOLDEN Y	✓		1	
2450	<i>Abrostola tripartita</i>	SPECTACLE	✓	1	1	
<b>Noctuidae - Ophiderinae</b>						
2469	<i>Scoliopteryx libatrix</i>	HERALD				
<b>Noctuidae - Rivulinae</b>						
2473	<i>Laspeyria flexula</i>	BEAUTIFUL HOOK-TIP	✓	2	1	
2474	<i>Rivula sericealis</i>	STRAW DOT				1
<b>Noctuidae - Hypeninae (Snouts)</b>						
2477	<i>Hypena proboscidalis</i>	SNOUT	✓	1		2
<b>Noctuidae - Herminiinae (Fan-foots)</b>						
2489	<i>Zanclognatha tarsipennalis</i>	FAN-FOOT				
2491	<i>Herminia tarsicrinalis</i>	SHADED FAN-FOOT				
<b>MICRO MOTHS</b>						
6	<i>Eriocrania subpurpurella</i>					
84	<i>Stigmella ruficapitella</i>					
247	<i>Tinea trinotella</i>					
286	<i>Caloptilia alchimiella</i>		✓			1
	<i>Calybites phasianipennella</i>					
296	<i>Parornix betulae</i>					
301	<i>Phyllonorycter kuhlweiniella</i>					
319	<i>Argyresthia goedartella</i>					
411	<i>Argyresthia spinosella</i>					
417	<i>Yponomeuta evonymella</i>	BIRD-CHERRY ERMINE				
424	<i>Yponomeuta cagnagella</i>	SPINDLE ERMINE	✓			1
427	<i>Swammerdamia caesiella</i>					
437	<i>Plutella xylostella</i>	DIAMOND-BACK MOTH	✓			1
464	<i>Coleophora albicosta</i>					
544	<i>Elachista canapennella</i>		✓		1	
607						

610	<i>Elachista argentella</i>		✓	1	
641	<i>Batia lambdella</i>				
642	<i>Crassa (Batia) unitella</i>				
	<i>Hofmannophila</i>				
647	<i>psuedospretella</i>	BROWN HOUSE MOTH			
658	<i>Carcina quercana</i>		✓	2	1
704	<i>Agonopterix scopariella</i>	BROOM FLAT-BODY			
706	<i>Agonopterix nervosa</i>		✓	1	
728	<i>Monochroa cytisella</i>		✓	1	
733	<i>Eulaprotes wilkella</i>				
755	<i>Stenolechia gemmella</i>		✓		1
758	<i>Recurvaria leucatella</i>				
774	<i>Teleiodes luculella</i>				
776	<i>Teleiopsis diffinis</i>				
787	<i>Bryotropha terrella</i>		✓	1	
792	<i>Mirificarma mulinella</i>		✓		1
	<i>Helcystogramma</i>				
861	<i>rufescens</i>		✓	1	
867	<i>Brachmia inornatella</i>				
	<i>Blastobasis (lignea)</i>				
873	<i>adustella</i>		✓	1	1
	<i>Blastobasis (decurella)</i>				
874	<i>lacticolella</i>				
937	<i>Agapeta hamana</i>				
946	<i>Aethes rubigana</i>				
951	<i>Aethes beatricella</i>		✓	1	
966	<i>Cochylis atricapitana</i>				
969	<i>Pandemis corylana</i>	CHEQUERED FRUIT-TREE TORTRIX	✓		1
970	<i>Pandemis cerasana</i>	BARRED FRUIT-TREE TORTRIX	✓	2	
977	<i>Archips podana</i>	LARGE FRUIT-TREE TORTRIX	✓	1	
989	<i>Aphelia paleana</i>	TIMOTHY TORTRIX			
998	<i>Epiphyas postvittana</i>	LIGHT-BROWN APPLE MOTH	✓		3
999	<i>Adoxophyes orana</i>	SUMMER FRUIT TORTRIX			
	<i>Lozotaeniodes</i>				
1001	<i>formosanus</i>				
1006	<i>Epagoge grotiana</i>		✓	1	
1010	<i>Ditula angustiorana</i>	RED-BARRED TORTRIX	✓	1	
1015	<i>Eulia ministrana</i>				
1016	<i>Cnephasia longana</i>				
1032	<i>Aleimma loeflingiana</i>		✓	1	1
1033	<i>Tortrix viridana</i>	GREEN OAK TORTRIX	✓	3	
1036	<i>Acleris forsskaleana</i>				
1038	<i>Acleris laterana</i>		✓		1
1039	<i>Acleris comariana</i>	STRAWBERRY TORTRIX			
1042	<i>Acleris rhombana</i>	RHOMBOID TORTRIX			
1048	<i>Acleris variegana</i>	GARDEN ROSE TORTRIX	✓	1	1
1076	<i>Celypha lacunana</i>		✓	1	1
1082	<i>Hedya pruniana</i>	PLUM TORTRIX	✓	1	
1083	<i>Hedya nubiferana</i>	MARbled ORCHARD TORTRIX	✓	1	
1092	<i>Apotomis turbidana</i>				
1093	<i>Apotomis betuletana</i>		✓	1	
1094	<i>Apotomis capreana</i>		✓	2	
1115	<i>Ancylis achatana</i>		✓	1	
1126	<i>Ancylis badiana</i>				
1168	<i>Gypsonoma dealbana</i>				
1174	<i>Epiblema cynosbatella</i>				
1175	<i>Epiblema uddmanniana</i>	BRAMBLE SHOOT MOTH	✓	2	1

1184	<i>Epiblema scutulana</i>				
1201	<i>Ecosma cana</i>				
1219	<i>Lathronympha strigana</i>				
1233	<i>Pammene aurita</i>				
1234	<i>Pammene regiana</i>				
1236	<i>Pammene fasciana</i>				
1255	<i>Cydia ulicetana</i>				
1260	<i>Cydia splendana</i>		✓	1	
1293	<i>Chrysoteuchia culmella</i>	GARDEN GRASS VENEER	✓	1	
1294	<i>Crambus pascuella</i>		✓	5	
1302	<i>Crambus perlella</i>		✓	4	
1304	<i>Agriphila straminella</i>				1
1305	<i>Agriphila tristella</i>				
1306	<i>Agriphila inquinatella</i>		✓	1	1
	<i>Agriphila latistria</i>		✓		2
1309	<i>Agriphila geniculea</i>		✓		2
1313	<i>Catoptria pinella</i>				
1316	<i>Catoptria falsella</i>		✓		1
1323	<i>Pediasia contaminella</i>				
1325	<i>Platytes alpinella</i>				
1331	<i>Acentria ephemerella</i>	WATER VENEER	✓	1	
1332	<i>Scoparia subfusca</i>				
1334	<i>Scoparia ambigualis</i>		✓	1	
	<i>Eudonia (Dipleurina)</i>				
1338	<i>lacustrata</i>				
1344	<i>Eudonia mercurella</i>				
1345	<i>Elophila nymphaeata</i>	BROWN CHINA-MARK			
1348	<i>Parapoynx stratiotata</i>	RINGED CHINA-MARK			
1356	<i>Evergestis forficalis</i>	GARDEN PEBBLE			
1376	<i>Eurrhynx hortulata</i>	SMALL MAGPIE	✓	1	
1378	<i>Phlyctaenia coronata</i>				
1390	<i>Udea prunalis</i>				
1392	<i>Udea olivalis</i>				
1395	<i>Udea ferrugalis</i>	RUSTY-DOT PEARL	✓		1
1398	<i>Nomophila noctuella</i>	RUSH VENEER	✓		1
1405	<i>Pleuoptya ruralis</i>	MOTHER OF PEARL	✓		2
1414	<i>Synaphe punctalis</i>		✓	30	
	<i>Hypsopygia (Orthopygia)</i>				
1415	<i>glaucinalis</i>				
1424	<i>Endotricha flammealis</i>		✓	5	
1428	<i>Aphomia sociella</i>	BEE MOTH			
1433	<i>Cryptoblabes bistraga</i>				
1436	<i>Acrobasis repandana</i>				
1439	<i>Trachycera advenella</i>				
1442	<i>Pempelia palumbella</i>		✓	2	3
1449	<i>Elegia similella</i>				
1451	<i>Matilella (Pyla) fusca</i>				
1452	<i>Phycita roborella</i>				
1470	<i>Euzophera pinguis</i>				
	<i>Ephestia (parasitella)</i>				
1474	<i>unicolorella</i>				
1483	<i>Phycitodes binaevella</i>				
1509	<i>Stenoptilia pterodactyla</i>	BROWN PLUME			

## **FUNGI RECORDS 2012 - 2016**

<u>Westleton Common</u>						
<u>Fungi 2012 - 2016</u>						
<u>Latin Name</u>	<u>Common Name</u>	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
<i>Amanita fulva</i>	Tawny Grisette	*			*	
<i>Amanita gemmata</i>	Jewelled Amanita			*	*	
<i>Amanita muscaria</i>	Fly Agaric	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Amanita phalloides</i>	Deathcap	*	*	*	*	
<i>Amanita rubescens</i>	Blusher	*	*	*		
<i>Armillaria mellea</i>	Honey Fungus	*	*			*
<i>Ascocoryne sarcoides</i>	Purple Jellydisc	*		*		
<i>Auricularia auricula-judae</i>	Jelly Ear	*	*	*	*	
<i>Boletus chrysenteron</i>	Red-cracked Bolete	*	*		*	*
<i>Byssomerulius corium</i>	Nettled Crust			*		
<i>Chlorociboria aeruginascens</i>	Green Elfcup					
<i>Chondrostereum purpureum</i>	Silverleaf Fungus	*	*	*		
<i>Clavaria argillacea</i>	Moor Club	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Clavulina coralloides</i>	Crested Coral					
<i>Clitocybe sp.</i>				*		
<i>Clitocybe gibba</i>	Common Funnel	*				
<i>Clitocybe nebularis</i>	Clouded Funnel	*	*			*
<i>Clitocybe rivulosa</i>	Fools Funnel					*
<i>Clitocybe vibecina</i>	Mealy Funnel			*		
<i>Clitopilus prunulus</i>	The Miller			*		
<i>Collybia butyracea</i>	Butter Cap	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Collybia dryophila</i>	Russet Tough shank	*		*	*	*
<i>Collybia erythropus</i>	Redleg Tough shank					
<i>Collybia fusipes</i>	Spindle Toughshank					
<i>Collybia maculata</i>	Spotted Toughshank		*			
<i>Collybia peronata</i>	Wood Woollyfoot					
<i>Conocybe sp.</i>				*		
<i>Coprinus disseminatus</i>	Fairy Inkcap	*	*	*		
<i>Coprinus micaceus</i>	Glistening Inkcap		*			*
<i>Coprinus plicatilis</i>	Pleated Inkcap		*	*		
<i>Cortinarius sp.</i>	Webcap	*		*	*	*
<i>Crepidotus variabilis</i>	Variable Oysterling	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Cystoderma amianthinum</i>	Earthy Powdercap	*	*		*	
<i>Dacrymyces stillatus</i>	Common Jellyspot		*	*		
<i>Daedaleopsis confragosa</i>	Blushing Bracket	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Entoloma sp.</i>	Pink Gill	*		*		
<i>Exidia glandulosa</i>	Witches Butter	*		*		
<i>Flammulina velutipes</i>	Velvet Shank	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Galerina hypnorum</i>	Moss Bell	*	*			
<i>Geoglossum sp.</i>	Earth Tongue					
<i>Gymnopilus penetrans</i>	Common Rustgill		*	*		
<i>Hebeloma crustuliniforme</i>	Poison Pie		*			
<i>Hemimycene sp.</i>						*
<i>Hygrocybe aurantiosplendens</i>	Orange Waxcap	*				
<i>Hygrocybe coccinea</i>	Scarlet Waxcap			*		
<i>Hygrocybe virginea</i>	Snowy Waxcap	*		*		
<i>Hygrophoropsis aurantiaca</i>	False Chanterelle	*	*	*	*	*

<i>Hymenoscyphus fructigenus</i>	Cup Fungus on acorn					
<i>Hypholoma fasciculare</i>	Sulphur Tuft	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Laccaria amethystina</i>	Amethyst Deceiver	*	*	*	*	
<i>Laccaria laccata</i>	The Deceiver	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Laccaria proxima</i>	Scurfy Deceiver				*	
<i>Lactarius glyciosmus</i>	Coconut Milkcap					
<i>Lactarius quietus</i>	Oak Milkcap					
<i>Lactarius turpis</i>	Ugly Milkcap		*	*	*	*
<i>Leccinum scabrum</i>	Brown Birch bolete	*	*			
<i>Lepista flaccida</i>	Tawny Funnel			*	*	
<i>Lepista nuda</i>	Wood Blewit	*	*	*	*	
<i>Leucocoprinus brebissoni</i>	Skullcap Dapperling			*		
<i>Lycoperdon nigrescens</i>	Dusky Puffball	*	*	*	*	
<i>Lycoperdon perlatum</i>	Common Puffball	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Macrolepiota procera</i>	Parasol	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Macrolepiota rhacodes</i>	Shaggy Parasol					
<i>Macrotyphula fistulosa</i>	Pipe Club					
<i>Marasmius androsaceus</i>	Horsehair Parachute				*	
<i>Melanoleuca polioleuca</i>	Common Cavalier		*	*		
<i>Melastiza cornubiensis</i>	Orange Cup	*				
<i>Microsphaera alphitoides</i>	Oak Mildew	*				
<i>Mycena aetites</i>	Drab Bonnet				*	
<i>Mycena epipterygia</i>	Yellowleg Bonnet	*	*	*	*	
<i>Mycena filopes</i>	Iodine Bonnet			*	*	
<i>Mycena galericulata</i>	Common Bonnet	*	*	*		
<i>Mycena galopus var. nigra</i>	Black milking Bonnet	*		*	*	
<i>Mycena inclinata</i>	Clustered Bonnet	*				
<i>Mycena olivaceomarginata</i>	Brownedge Bonnet				*	
<i>Mycena polygramma</i>	Grooved Bonnet			*		
<i>Mycena pura</i>	Lilac Bonnet			*		*
<i>Octospora humosa</i> )	Cup Fungi -	*	*		*	
<i>Octospora rutilans</i> )	with moss Polytrichum sp.					
<i>Otidea bufonia</i>	Toad's Ear					
<i>Otidea onotica</i>	Hare's Ear		*	*		
<i>Paxillus involutus</i>	Brown Roll-rim	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Peniophora incarnata</i>	Rosycrust	*	*	*		
<i>Phallus impudicus</i>	Stinkhorn	*	*	*		
<i>Phellinus pomaceus</i>	Cushion Bracket				*	
<i>Phlebia tremellosa</i>	Jelly Rot		*			*
<i>Pholiota highlandensis</i>	Bonfire Scalycap			*		
<i>Piptoporus betulinus</i>	Birch Polypore	*	*	*		*
<i>Pleurotus ostreatus</i>	Oyster Mushroom	*	*	*		*
<i>Pluteus cervinus</i>	Deer Shield	*		*	*	
<i>Polyporus tuberaster</i>	Tuberous Polypore	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Psathyrella piluliformis</i>	Common Stump Brittlestem					
<i>Psathyrella spadiceo-grisea</i>	Spring Brittlestem			*		
<i>Rhytisma acerinum</i>	Tar spot on sycamore	*	*	*		*
<i>Rickenella fibula</i>	Orange moss cap	*	*	*	*	
<i>Russula spp.</i>	Brittle gill	*	*			*
<i>Russula aeruginea</i>	Green Brittle gill		*	*		*
<i>Russula amoenolens</i>				*		
<i>Russula atropurpurea</i>	Purple Brittle Gill			*		*



<i>Russula claroflava</i>	Yellow Swamp Brittlelegill			*		
<i>Russula cyanoxantha</i>	Charcoal Burner				*	
<i>Scleroderma citrinum</i>	Common Earthball	*	*	*	*	
<i>Sphaerobolus stellatus</i>	Shooting Star					
<i>Stereum hirsutum</i>	Hairy Curtain Crust	*	*	*	*	
<i>Thelephora terrestris</i>	Earth Fan			*	*	
<i>Trametes gibbosa</i>	Lumpy Bracket					
<i>Trametes versicolor</i>	Turkeytail	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Tremella mesenterica</i>	Yellow Brain Fungus	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Tricholoma fulvum</i>	Birch Knight		*			
<i>Tricholoma sulphureum</i>	Sulphur Knight			*	*	
<i>Xerocomus chrysentera</i>	Smoky Bracket	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Xylaria hypoxylon</i>	Candlesnuff Fungus	*	*	*	*	
	Total numbers: 110	57	55	68	46	33
	Sheila Francis					
	Juliet Bullimore					

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