

Internal Audit Report for Westleton Parish Council for the year ending 31 March 2025

Clerk	Ian Haines
RFO (if different)	-
Chairperson	Councillor Andrew Turner
Precept	£13,000.00
Income	£55,181.71
Expenditure	£43,670.98
General reserves	£19,414
Earmarked reserves	£52,361
Audit type	Annual – non-exempt authority
Auditor name	Victoria Waples

Introduction

The primary objective of internal audit is to review, appraise and report upon the adequacy of internal control systems operating throughout the council. To achieve this SALC adopt a predominantly systems-based approach to audit.

The council's internal control system comprises the whole network of systems established within the council to provide reasonable assurance that the council's objectives will be achieved, with reference to:

- the effectiveness of operations
- the economic and efficient use of resources
- compliance with applicable policies, procedures, laws, and regulations
- the safeguarding of assets and interests from losses of all kinds, including those arising from fraud, irregularity, and corruption

- the integrity and reliability of information, accounts, and data

Methodology

When conducting the audit, the internal auditor may:

- conduct a selective assessment of compliance with relevant procedures and controls expected to be in operation during the financial year in order to be able to complete the Annual Internal Audit Report 2024/25 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return (AGAR)
- review the reliability and integrity of financial information and the means used to identify, measure, classify and report such information
- review the means of safeguarding assets and, as appropriate, verify the existence of such assets
- appraise the economy and efficiency with which resources are employed, identify opportunities to improve performance and recommend solutions to problems
- review the established systems to ensure compliance with those policies, procedures, laws, and regulations which could have a significant impact on operations, and determine whether the council complies
- review the operations and activities to ascertain whether results are consistent with objectives and whether they are being conducted as planned

Section 1 – proper bookkeeping The internal auditor will look at the methods and processes used to manage the council's accounts and in particular that it provides clear data for reporting and monitoring purposes. This includes checking information is accurate, kept up to date, referenced and verified.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Is the ledger maintained and up to date?</i>	Yes	The council uses excel spreadsheets as the basis for its accounting system. The ledgers mirror the transactions of the bank accounts and were well maintained and up to date.
<i>Is the ledger on the correct basis in relation to the gross income/expenditure?</i>	Yes	Council's gross income and expenditure level is below the threshold of £200,000 and has been for three (3) continuous years. Council's operating under this limit may choose either to report on an income and expenditure basis or on a receipts and payments (R&P) basis. Council has elected to report its financial matters on a receipts and payments basis.
<i>Is the cash book up to date and regularly verified?</i>	Yes	The cashbook is reconciled on a monthly basis, regularly verified against bank statements and contains entries from day to day of all sums of money received and expended by the council along with matters to which the income and expenditure relates.
<i>Is the arithmetic correct?</i>	Yes	Spot checks were made and were found to be correct. In accordance with good practice, the accounting records also contain a record of income and expenditure in relation to claims made for contribution, grant or subsidies from a government department or other public body.
Additional comments: council should consider demonstrating best practice by ensuring that the either the cashbook or the minutes reference the powers used to incur expenditure. Statutory powers are granted by Parliament and give local councils the choice or opportunity to take action and are therefore discretionary. Like all powers given to public bodies the powers of local councils are defined in detail in legislation and these details may include a requirement to obtain the consent of another body.		

Section 2 – Financial Regulation and Standing Orders The internal auditor will check the date the Council conducted its annual review of both Standing Orders and Financial Regulations and in particular check if these are based on NALC'S latest model which include legislative changes.		
Evidence		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
Have Standing Orders been adopted, up to date and reviewed annually?	Yes	Council's Standing Orders were reviewed and adopted at a meeting in July 2024. They show a review date of July 2025. <i>Comment: Council might wish to note that NALC have updated Model Standing Order (England) section 18 to comply with new procurement legislation and ensure consistency with their Model Financial Regulations. The changes are to 18.a.v, 18.c, 18.d, and 18.f. NALC have also updated Model Standing Order (England) section 14 to better reflect Code of Conduct requirements (14.a, 14.b, and 14.c have been removed).</i>
Are Financial Regulations up to date and reviewed annually?	Yes	Council's Financial Regulations were reviewed and updated in July 2024. Those seen on the website demonstrate that a review is due in July 2025. <i>Comment: at the next review council should consider adopting the Financial Regulations produced by NALC in March of this year which relate to changes necessitated by the Procurement Act 2023.</i>
Has the Council properly tailored the Financial Regulations?	Yes	The Council's Financial Regulations have been tailored to the Parish Council.
Has the Council appointed a Responsible Financial Officer (RFO)? ¹	Yes	The Council, in accordance with proper practices and with reference to section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972, has employed a Responsible Financial Officer (RFO) who is responsible for the financial administration of the authority. Council's Financial Regulation 1.8 confirms that the clerk is so appointed.
Additional comments:		

¹ Section 151 Local Government Act 1972 (d)

Section 3 – Payment controls

The internal auditor will specifically check bank reconciliation including credit/debit cards and management approval processes and evidence that internal Financial Regulations (FO) are being followed. The internal auditor will examine how regular payments are managed and specifically seek evidence that these have been brought back to the Council for verification purposes especially where the actual payment made differs from the amount previously agreed. VAT should be clearly identified including evidence that claims have been correctly managed. The internal auditor will check if the Council has a clear understanding on eligibility in relation to the General Power of Competence and that s.137 has been correctly applied and managed.

Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
Is there supporting paperwork for payments with appropriate authorisation?	Yes	In accordance with its own Financial Regulations covering banking and payments, expenditure is presented to council on a monthly basis for review and authorisation for payment is made by resolution. Council continues to use cheques for the settlement of its invoices and debts and in accordance with council's own Financial Regulation 6.4, there is a two-tier authorisation system which ensures that the cheques for each payment are signed by two authorised bank signatories. A review of the procedures followed for receipt of invoices, agreement of invoice detail and confirmation of goods or services delivery along with approval for payments was undertaken on a sample of individual payments and found to be in order. Council's Financial Regulation 6.16 states that any Debit Card issued for use will be specifically restricted to the RFO and will also be restricted to a single transaction maximum value of £100 unless authorised by council in writing before any order is placed. <i>Comment: council's minutes demonstrate evidence of the approval of the items being settled via direct debit in excess of £100.00.</i>
Where applicable, are internet banking transactions properly recorded and approved?	N/A	Internet banking is not operated by the council.
Is VAT correctly identified, recorded, and claimed within time limits?	Yes	VAT is identified in the cash book. The VAT recoverable position at year-end is verified as being £3,102.02 and was reclaimed in May 2025. It is confirmed that the VAT reclaim for the periods covering 1 st March 2023 to 231 st March 2024 in the sum of £1,594.56 was settled in April 2024. <i>Comment: for the year 2024-2025 VAT has been appropriately identified in relation and correctly coded according to the Council's business and non-business activities within the financial spreadsheets used by the RFO and</i>

		<i>the council has robust arrangements in place for managing its responsibilities regarding VAT.</i>
Has the Council adopted the General Power of Competence (GPOC) and is there evidence this is being applied correctly? ²	N/A	The council has not confirmed that it is eligible to exercise the GPOC.
Are payments under s.137 ³ separately recorded, minuted and is there evidence of direct benefit to electorate?	Yes	Payments made under this power for the year under review totalled £3750.00 and were within regulatory limits and deemed to be of benefit to all or some of the council's electorate. <i>Comment: council might wish to review the powers used to incur expenditure: e.g. LGA 1972 s142 (newsletters & CAB - power to publish information about the council, its services, and the services provided in the area by other local authorities, government departments, charities or other voluntary organisations).</i>
Where applicable, are payments of interest and principal sums in respect of loans paid in accordance with agreements?	N/A	The council has no Public Works Board Loans.
Additional comments:		

² Localism Act

³ Section 137 of the Local Government Act 1972 ("the 1972 Act") enables local councils to spend a limited amount of money for purposes for which they have no other specific statutory expenditure. The basic power is for a local council to spend money (subject to the statutory limit – of £10.81 per elector) on purposes for the direct benefit of its area, or part of its area, or all or some of its inhabitants.

Section 4 – Risk management The internal auditor will expect to find evidence of the management of risks from identification of what those are for each individual Council through to how these will be managed and the controls in place to mitigate these and that these have been approved by the Council.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Is there evidence of risk assessment documentation?</i>	Yes	At the meeting of 29 th July 2024, full council formally reviewed and approved its Risk Management Documents and Procedures for the year 2024 – 2025. Council is aware that its risk assessment needs to focus on the safety of the parish council's assets and in particular its money, and that it needs to demonstrate on an annual basis that it has taken actions to identify and assess those risks and that it has considered what actions or decisions it needs to take during the year to manage in order to avoid financial or reputational consequences. Council has ensured that it has annually reviewed the risks associated with the functioning of a smaller relevant body and that it has ensured that measures are fully utilised throughout the year to provide assurance to members that there is a robust system in place which is effective and adequate for preventing members from approving or authorising fund transfers that are not supported by appropriate documentation.
<i>Is there evidence that risks are being identified and managed?</i>	Yes	A review of the Council's financial risk assessment documentation shows that there are in place specific control procedures for payments made by direct bank transfer, which, if reviewed on a regular basis, will provide reassurance that the Council has taken steps to identify, assess and record risks associated with actions and decisions it has taken or considered taking during the year that could have financial or reputational consequences. Council has shown best practice by ensuring that it conducts control and compliance tests of the systems in operation by a non-signatory, thereby separating the roles of overview from that of authorisation. Appropriate mitigation measures are in place to address the risks associated with the management of public finances.

		<i>Comment: Council has noted that in accordance with Regulation 6 of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, it should conduct a formal review of its system of internal control and should have in place monitoring documents which would identify the risks involved with and the potential for improvements to its arrangements to protect public money.</i>
<i>Does the Council have appropriate and adequate insurance cover in place for employment, public liability and fidelity guarantee and has been reviewed on an annual basis?</i>	Yes	During the period under review, council had insurance in place under a Local Councils and not for profit organisations scheme with Hiscox Insurance which shows core cover for the following: Public liability: £10million; Employers Liability: £10million; Hirers' Liability £2million and Fidelity Guarantee? Officials and Trustees Indemnity cover of £500thousand. <i>Comment: it is confirmed that council followed guidance which recommends that the Fidelity Cover is sufficient to provide cover that was equal to at least the sum of the year-end balances plus 50% of the precept/grants to be received in the following April/May thereby reducing the council's exposure to the risks associated with the handling of money, securities and property.</i> During the year, being aware that it is the responsibility of the Council as a whole to satisfy itself that insurances are adequate and that all steps have been taken to mitigate and manage identified risks with appropriate insurance, annual reviews of the council's insurance were undertaken prior to renewal. From paperwork seen, council is able to demonstrate that it has reviewed the risks facing the council in transacting its business and has taken out appropriate insurance to manage and reduce the risks relating to property, cash and legal liability (amongst other things), and has satisfied itself that there are no materials facts which might influence the acceptance or assessment of the risks covered by the policy.
<i>Evidence that internal controls are documented and regularly reviewed⁴</i>	Yes	Confirming that the council is operating within its own internal control, formal evidence (via a minute reference) was given at the meeting of full council on 29th July 2024 that council had formally reviewed the effectiveness of its review as outlined in its Statement of Internal Control for the year ending 31st March 2025. <i>Comment: in accordance with Regulation 6 of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, council has understood the requirement to undertake a formal review of its internal controls to enable it to demonstrate that it has</i>

⁴ Accounts and Audit Regulations

		<i>taken steps to identify, assess and record the control mechanisms in place to ensure that all reasonable steps are taken to safeguard and protect public finances.</i>
<i>Evidence that a review of the effectiveness of internal audit was conducted during the year, including consideration of the independence and competence of the internal auditor prior to their appointment⁵</i>	Yes	In accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, the council formally reviewed the scope and effectiveness of its internal audit arrangements, as well as the competence and independence of those conducting the internal audit review. <i>Comment: the review of the terms of reference and effectiveness of internal audit are demonstration that Council has understood that the role of internal audit is to evaluate and report on the adequacy of the system on internal control.</i>
<i>Additional comments:</i>		

⁵ Practitioners Guide

Section 5 – Budgetary controls		
The internal auditor will seek verification that budgets are properly prepared, agreed and monitored. In particular they will look for evidence of good practice in that the key stages of the budgetary process have been followed		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
Verify that budget has been properly prepared and agreed	Yes	The budget for the year 2024 - 2025 was approved at the council meeting of 27th November 2024. From paperwork seen on the website, the approved draft budget was set in the sum of £16,966 to be funded from retained reserves, the precept and known income streams. The budget for the year 2025 - 2026 was approved at the Council meeting of 25th November 2024. From paperwork seen the council approved a working budget be set at £27,410 to be funded by the precept and known income streams. <i>Comment: in accordance with proper practices, council should seek to evidence, within the minutes, the actual budget being set alongside the reasoning for such a budget thereby ensuring transparency in the budgetary process followed by the council.</i>
Verify that the precept amount has been agreed in full Council and clearly minuted	Yes	The precept for the year 2024 – 2025 was discussed and approved at the meeting of 27th November 2023 with the minutes demonstrating that council resolved to keep the precept at £13,000. There is no minute to demonstrate the impact that this would have on a Band D Dwelling in percentage as well as monetary terms. The precept for the year 2025 – 2026 was set at the meeting of 25th November 2024 with the minutes confirming that the council would set the precept at £15,783.21. From the minutes it was shown that this would effectively be a zero increase on a Band D dwelling due to the increase as a result of the Levelling Up and Regeneration fund Act 2023 covering second home ownership in Westleton.
Regular reporting of expenditure and variances from budget	Yes	The minutes evidence that the council conducted reviews covering the budgets for the current year with a review of income and expenditure against budget at relevant periods throughout the year. Monitoring statements produced include breakdown of all receipts and payments balance against the bank.

		<i>Comment: Council in accordance with its own standing order 17c produces regular statements showing evidence of comparisons between budgeted and actual income and expenditure to form the basis of approval for virements in accordance with council's own Standing Orders and Terms of Reference.</i>
<i>Reserves held – general and earmarked⁶</i>	Yes	The Council, as at year-end, had Earmarked Reserves totalling £19,414 and General Reserves of £52,361 which includes the restricted reserve of £28,729.54. <i>Comment: Council might wish to note guidance, as issued by Proper Practices (March 2024), which states that it is regarded as acceptable for a council's general (non-earmarked revenue) reserves to be maintained at between three and twelve months of Net Revenue Expenditure and that it should ensure that the level of general reserves adopted is in accordance with its general reserve policy.</i> Recommendation: council is advised to adopt a reserve policy which would set a limit to be held for its general reserve and would the timings of reviews for cash flow requirements, inflationary and interest rates, diversification of funds to spread risk and optimization of interest returns. Whilst there is no upper or lower limit to EMRs, save only that they must be held for genuine and identifiable purposes and projects, council has ensured that the levels set are subject to regular review and justification (at least annually and at budget setting) and that they are separately identified and enumerated.
<i>Additional comments:</i>		

⁶ In accordance with proper practices, the generally accepted minimum level of a Smaller Authority's General Reserve is that this should be maintained at between three (3) and twelve (12) months of Net Revenue Expenditure

Section 6 – income controls The internal auditor will seek evidence to ensure income is correct managed – recorded, banked, and reported and test mechanisms used to achieve this.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Is income properly recorded and promptly banked?</i>	Yes	During the year under review, Council received income from a number of identified sources all of which was banked intact. A sample review of the income received was undertaken during the internal audit visit and all expected income was found to be properly recorded and promptly banked. The council's adopted risk assessment defines the procedures to be followed in terms of cash handling and banking with specific responsibilities for the procedures to be adopted by working groups before the submission of cash deposits. <i>Comment: in accordance with proper practices, Council has ensured that there are appropriate control procedures in place along with documentation to provide a clear audit trail through to invoicing and recovery of all such income.</i>
<i>Is income reported to full council?</i>	Yes	Income is reported within the financial reports submitted to council and as notified at each relevant meeting.
<i>Does the precept recorded agree to the Council Tax Authority's notification?</i>	Yes	Council received precept in the sum of £13000 from East Suffolk Council for the period under review in April and September 2024 as reported within the reports submitted at the meetings of May and October 2024. Evidence was provided showing a full audit trail from Precept being discussed and approved to being served on the Charging Authority to remittance advice showing the Precept to be paid and receipt of same in the Council's Bank Account.
<i>If appropriate, are CIL reporting schedules in accordance with the Regulations?⁷</i>	Yes	CIL reporting schedules are maintained in accordance with the Regulations.
<i>Is CIL income reported to the council?</i>	Yes	During the year under review, council received a total of £36,431.18 in CIL receipts as reported to the council at its meeting in October 2024.

⁷ Community Infrastructure Levy Regulations 2010

<i>Does unspent CIL income form part of earmarked reserves?</i>	Yes	The CIL workings for 2024-2025 shows that there is a retained balance of £28,729.54 which has been transferred into in an Earmarked Reserve specifically allocated, in accordance with the Regulations.
<i>Has an annual report been produced?</i>	Yes	The annual CIL statement has been produced detailing the relevant figures and carry forward balance.
<i>Has it been published on the authority's website?</i>	Yes	The annual CIL statement has been uploaded to the website.
Additional comments:		

Section 7 – petty cash The Internal Auditor will seek evidence that the Council has followed its own policies, procedures, and verification processes and that these are up to date.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Is petty cash in operation?</i>	N/A	The council does not operate a petty cash system.
<i>If appropriate, is there an adequate control system in place?</i>	N/A	
Additional comments:		

Section 8 – Payroll controls		
The Internal Auditor will check salaries were approved in accordance with PAYE, NI, Pension and that there is a clear understanding that the clerk is not self-employed. The Internal Auditor will also review how payroll is managed including evidence of approval of payslips.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Do all employees have contracts of employment?</i>	Yes	Council had 1 employee on its payroll at the period end of 31 st March 2025. Employment contracts were not reviewed during the internal audit visit for the year ending 31 st March 2025, but the Clerk has confirmed that all staff have an employment contract.
<i>Has the Council approved salary paid?</i>	Yes	Council ensures that there are suitable payroll arrangements in place which ensures the accuracy and legitimacy of payments of salaries and wages, and associated liabilities and as such the council has complied with its duties under legislation.
<i>Minimum wage paid?</i>	N/A	No member of staff is paid the national minimum wage.
<i>Are arrangements in place for authorising of the payroll and payments to the council? Does this include a verification process for agreeing rates of pay to be applied?</i>	Yes	There are suitable payroll arrangements in place which ensures the accuracy and legitimacy of payments of salaries and wages, and associated liabilities and as such the council has complied with its duties under legislation. All amendments to contractual hours are approved by full council and implemented by the payroll provider once formal approval has been given.
<i>Do salary payments include deductions for PAYE/NIC? Is PAYE/NIC paid promptly to HMRC?</i>	Yes	The payroll function for the year under review is operated in accordance with HM Revenue and Customs guidelines and outsourced. Deductions paid to HM Revenue and Customs during the year under review were made in accordance with timescales as set out in the regulations.
<i>Is there evidence that the Council is aware of its pension responsibilities?⁸</i>	Yes	Council is aware of its pension responsibilities, but no members of staff are enrolled into a council provided pension scheme.
<i>Have pension re-declaration duties been carried out</i>	Yes	Council's re-declaration of compliance with regards to re-enrolment was confirmed as having been undertaken in April 2023.
<i>Are there any other payments (e.g.: expenses) and are these reasonable and approved by the Council?</i>	Yes	There is a satisfactory expense system in place and all staff expenses claimed are approved in accordance with Council's Financial Regulations.

⁸ The Pension Regulator – [website click here](#)

<i>Comment:</i>		
Section 9 – Asset control The Internal Audit will be seeking to establish if there is a list of assets in accordance with proper practices including the date of acquisition, location, and value. This extends to checking policies (with evidence of review) and that the Council has applied the documented approach in practice. The Internal Auditor will check not only valuation processes but the existence of reserve budgets for depreciation and adequacy of insurance. A clear audit trail should be available when items are purchased including minutes to evidence approval.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Does the Council maintain a register of material assets it owns and manage this in accordance with proper practices?⁹</i>	Yes	The Asset Register is held on a spreadsheet and covers those items listed under insurance and within the parish council's remit for maintenance and ownership. The Asset Register currently stands at £228,915 and shows overall movement to that declared at the year-end of 31 st March 2024 (£228,000) relating to the annual review of the register taking into account items that had come to the attention of the council, for which the council had ownership or responsibility. The Internal Auditor reviewed the Asset Register to allow the spot check to be conducted.
<i>Is the value of the assets included? (Note value for insurance purposes may differ)</i>	Yes	The RFO has ensured that the council has a formal asset register which is routinely updated to record new assets at historic cost price, net of VAT along with removal of any assets disposed of / no longer serviceable. Where assets have been gifted or where there is no known value, assets have been given the proxy value of £1. This value has also been applied to community assets, which, in accordance with guidance, are treated in the same manner as gifted assets. <i>Comment: This current valuation for assets commonly known as community assets is in line with requirements for smaller authorities to record each asset at its original purchase cost or where the original purchase cost is unknown at the time of first recording on the asset register, a current value is recorded, which acts as a proxy value to the original cost and will remain unchanged until disposal.</i>

⁹ Practitioners Guide

<i>Are records of deeds, articles, land registry title number available?</i>	<i>N/A</i>	Records of deeds, articles, land registry title number were not reviewed during the internal audit review.
<i>Are copies of licences or leases available for assets sited at third party property?</i>	<i>N/A</i>	Council has declared that it does not have any assets located on third party property.
<i>Is the asset register up to date and reviewed annually?</i>	<i>Yes</i>	The asset register was reviewed by the council at a meeting in July 2024 and signed off by the council at its meeting of 19 th May 2025 and it is confirmed that the values on the Asset Register seen on the website equal that detailed at Line 9 on the approved Accounting Statements of the AGAR. The council continues to use the preferred value for exiting assets as the original acquisition cost and has ensured that the fixed asset value for any individual item will not usually be altered from year to year (unless a material enhancement has taken place).
<i>Cross checking of insurance cover</i>	<i>Yes</i>	The Asset Register was reviewed during the internal audit review and it is noted that council has insurance under all risks cover for its assets as specified under the generic headings on the insurance schedule.
<i>Additional comments:</i>		

Section 10 – bank reconciliation		
The internal auditor will seek to establish that the Council understands and can evidence good practice and internal control mechanisms in relation to bank reconciliation.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Is bank reconciliation regularly completed and reconciled with the cash book and cover every account?</i>	Yes	Bank reconciliations are completed on a regular basis and reconcile with the cash sheets. Overall there is regular reporting of bank balances within the financial reports submitted to full council. A review of sample of transactions from the cashbooks from the months of April 2024 to March 2025 across the accounts held by the council was undertaken to verify the detail held within the cashbooks to that shown on the bank statement. There were no matters arising from the review which suggested that there were errors in the entries and there was no identification of signs of fraud or duplicate entries (for which explanations or corrections were not forthcoming)..
<i>Do bank balances agree with bank statements?</i>	Yes	Bank balances as of 31 st March 2025 agree with the year-end bank statements and at year end stood at £71,775.26 across all accounts held in the council's name.
<i>Is there regular reporting of bank balances at Council meetings?</i>	Yes	Overall there is regular reporting of bank balances within the detailed financial reports submitted to the council. Council continues with the system whereby the monthly reconciled bank accounts are presented to the council. <i>Comment: council might wish to implement a system whereby a member (preferably a non-signatory) has access to not only the reconciliation of the cash book to bank statements but also the underlying background evidence upon which the reconciliation is based and is able to provide further evidence of the system of internal control. Approval of the bank reconciliation by the authority or an authority nominee is not only good practice but is also a safeguard for the Responsible Financial Officer and fulfils one of the authority's internal control objectives.</i>

Section 11 – year end procedures		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
Are appropriate accounting procedures used?	Yes	The Internal Auditor confirms that, having reviewed the year-end files, there is a full underlying financial trail from financial records to the accounts produced.
Financial trail from records to presented accounts	Yes	There is a clear financial trail from the ledgers used by the RFO to the presented accounts. Year-end balances agree with cash book and bank reconciliations.
Has the appropriate end of year AGAR ¹⁰ documents been completed?	Yes	As Council is a smaller authority with gross income and expenditure exceeding £25,000 it will be required to complete Part 3 of the AGAR. Sections 1 and 2 of the AGAR were completed and signed by the Council at the meeting of 19 th May 2025.
Did the Council meet the exemption criteria and correctly declared itself exempt?	N/A	As the Council was a smaller authority with gross income and expenditure exceeding £25,000 during the year 2023-2024, it was not able to certify itself as an exempt authority.
During the period in question did the small authority demonstrate that it correctly provided for the exercise of public right as required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015?	Yes	The internal auditor is able to confirm that the notice of the public rights was seen on the website and can confirm that the dates set were 17 th June to 26 th July 2024. <i>Comment: Within the Annual Internal Audit Report, internal control objective test M requires the internal auditor to establish whether the parish council correctly provided for the exercise and published a copy of the required “Public Notice” by ensuring that it clearly identified the statutory 30 working day period when the Authority’s records are available for public inspection.</i>
Have the publication requirements been met in accordance with the Regulations? ¹¹	Yes	The Internal Auditor is able to confirm that the Council has complied with the requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 for smaller authorities with income and expenditure exceeding £25,000 and published the following for the year 2023/24 on a public website: Section 1 – Annual Governance Statement of the AGAR

¹⁰ Annual Governance & Accountability Return (AGAR)

¹¹ Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015

		Section 2 – Accounting Statements of the AGAR Section 3 – The External Auditor Report and Certificate Notice of the period for the exercise of public rights and other information required by Regulation 15 (2), Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015. Notice of Conclusion of Audit Section 3 – External Auditor Report and Certificate Sections 1 and 2 of the AGAR as audited.
<i>Additional comments:</i>		

Section 12 – internal audit The internal auditor will revisit weaknesses and recommendations previously identified to see if these have been addressed. They will also check if any changes introduced require further verification to ensure effectiveness of the corrective action taken.		
Evidence		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
<i>Has the Council considered the previous internal audit report?</i>	Yes	The Internal Audit Report for the year ending 31 st March 2024 was considered and adopted at a meeting of full Council on 24 th June 2024.
<i>Has appropriate action been taken regarding the recommendations raised?</i>	None raised	There were no matters raised in the internal audit report that required the consideration of a formal audit plan. Council noted commentary on the use of .gov.uk domain names and secure email addresses and agreed to pursue this during the year under review. It is noted that for the year 2024-2025, council has approved the Annual Governance Statement and Accounting Statements at the meeting in May 2025 prior to receipt of the internal audit report. Whilst council has considered the internal audit report for the year 2023 – 2024 within the year under review, council might wish to note that proper practices recommends receipt of the annual review of internal audit prior to the consideration of Assertion 7 of the Annual Governance Statement (Section 1 of the AGAR). <i>Comment: Section 4 of the Guide sets out the best practice guidance and needs to be considered by smaller authorities in undertaking an effective internal audit process.</i> <i>Sections 5.101 “Internal audit report(s) should inform the authority’s responses to Assertions 2 and 6 in the AGS” & 5.102. “Internal audit reports should therefore be made available and published to support and inform members considering the authority’s approval of the AGS5.100” refer.</i>
<i>Has the Council confirmed the appointment of an internal auditor?</i>	Yes	At the meeting of 31 st March 2025, full council, having reviewed the effectiveness of its internal audit arrangements with full regard to the statutory requirements for internal audit in terms of size, scope and current financial arrangements, resolved to appoint SALC as its internal auditor for the year 2024-25 on the basis of Section 4 of the Accountability and Governance Practitioner’s Guide 2024.

<i>Has the letter of engagement been approved by full council?</i>	Yes	The letter of engagement was signed and dated at the same meeting. <i>Comment: by approving the letter of engagement, Council will be following Proper Practices by ensuring it has clarity on the provision of internal audit including the roles and responsibilities, audit planning and timing of visits, reporting requirements, rights to access to information, members and officers, period of engagement and remuneration.</i>
<i>Additional comments:</i>		

Section 13 – external audit for the period under review		
The internal auditor will revisit the external audit so that previous weaknesses and recommendations can be considered.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
Has the Council considered the previous external audit report? ¹²	Yes	It is noted that the external auditors issued a report on 29th September 2024 detailing that they were unable to certify completion of the review at that time. The interim report was issued on 29th September 2024, and the following matters were drawn to the attention of the parish council: The smaller authority has submitted its AGAR and supporting documentation prior to 30 September 2024; however, we have not been able to complete our review work in time to enable to smaller authority to publish the required documentation in line with statutory requirements. Once we have completed our review a final report will be provided with the certificate of completion detailing any qualifications and ‘other’ matters”. In accordance with the external auditor’s instructions, the clerk prepared a “Notice of audit” which detailed the rights of inspection, in line with the statutory requirements stating that the audit has not yet been completed. On 30th September 2024, the external auditor’s confirmed that they had completed their review of the AGAR and provided the council with the final external auditor report and certificate. The External Audit Report and Certificate for the year ending 31st March 2024 was submitted to and considered by Full Council with formal adoption at the meeting of 28th October 2024.
Has appropriate action been taken regarding the comments raised?	N/A	The report from the external auditors details a certification which was completed with no exceptions. Other matters that were brought to the attention of the authority were as follows: “The AGAR was not accurately completed before submission for review. The AGAR has been amended”.

¹² Regulation 20 Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 – following completion of an audit the Council should note that it is the Council as a whole (i.e., All members) and not a committee that should receive and consider the audit letter (including Annual Return and Certificate) from the local auditor as soon as reasonably practicable and the minutes should reflect that these have been received.

Additional comments: The Internal Auditor is able to verify that the external auditor report and certificate along with the conclusion of the external audit have been published on the Council's website in accordance with the prescribed timescales. Details as to how copies may be purchased have also been included.

Comment: Council has noted Regulation 16 and 20 (in part) which states that the annual audit letter received from the auditor must be considered by the authority and published (including publication on the authority's website) and to permit copies to be purchased.

Section 14 – additional information		
The internal auditor will look for additional evidence of good record keeping, compliance with data protection regulations, freedom of information and website accessibility regulations.		
Evidence		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
<i>Was the annual meeting held in accordance with legislation?</i> ¹³	Yes	Council held a meeting of the council on 20 th May 2024 at which the Chair was elected for the civic year. <i>Comment: Council is aware that Section 15 of LGA Act 1972, requires local councils to appoint a Chair (Mayor) as the first business to be transacted at the Annual Council Meeting which is to be held in May.</i>
<i>Is there evidence that Minutes are administered in accordance with legislation?</i> ¹⁴	Yes	Council is aware that that under LGA 1972 schedule 12, paragraphs 41(1) and 44 the draft minutes of a meeting should be formally approved (with any necessary amendments) at the next meeting. At each meeting, the Chair is given formal approval to sign the minutes.
<i>Is there a list of members' interests held?</i>	Yes	Evidence was seen on the district council's website of the Register of Interests for all current parish councillors. There is a direct link from the parish council website.
<i>Does the Council have any Trustee responsibilities and if so, are these clearly identified in a Trust Document?</i>	N/A	The council has declared that it has no trustee responsibilities.
<i>Has the Transparency Code been correctly applied, and information published in accordance with current legislation?</i>	Work required	Council should be aware that councils with gross income and expenditure under £25,000 are required to follow the Local Government Transparency Code 2014 for smaller authorities. For those authorities that fall between the Transparency Code 2014 and the Transparency Code 2015 (gross income and expenditure exceeding £200,000), councils should strive to follow the provisions of the 2015 code. For Westleton Parish Council, the transparency code requirements will include the publication of quarterly reporting of spending transactions valued over £500; quarterly reporting of invitation to tender for contracts over £5,000; quarterly publication of details of every transaction on a government procurement card; the annual reporting of organisational charts; annual reporting of all grants made to voluntary, community and

¹³ The Local Government Act 1972 Schedule 12, paragraph 7 (2) and Schedule 15 (2)

¹⁴ Public Bodies (Admission to Meetings) Act 1960, Local Government Act 1972, and the Localism Act 2011

		social enterprise organisations and the annual reporting of the location of public land and assets. Recommendation: Appendix A of the Local Government Transparency Code 2015 (published February 2015) provides further details of all information to be published along with relevant timescales. Council is advised to review the provisions of the code and seek compliance with the publication requirements. A link to the guide can be found at: Transparency Code 2015
<i>Has the Council registered with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO)?¹⁵</i>	Yes	The Council is correctly registered with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) as a Data Controller in accordance with the Data Protection Legislation. The Freedom of Information Act requires every public authority to have a publication scheme, approved by the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO), and to publish information covered by this scheme. Recommendation: council should review the provision of the act and adopt a publication scheme which is fully tailored to the council ensuring that it provides details within the classes of information and that the scheme is available to view on the council's website.
<i>Is the Council compliant with the General Data Protection Regulation requirements?</i>	Yes	Council has taken active steps to ensure compliancy with the GDPR requirements and has reviewed its GDPR Policies during the year ensuring that at all times it is able to provide clear responsibilities and obligations of the Council in respect of the collecting, using and protecting of personal information in accordance with the provisions of the GDPR. Appropriate Data Protection policies and procedures are in place along with the lawful basis for the processing of data covered by the regulations as well as policies that deal with the effective management of its records thereby demonstrating that the Council has acted in compliance with its legal and regulatory obligations.
<i>Has the Council published a website accessibility statement on their website in line with Regulations?¹⁶</i>	Yes	The Regulations of the Public Sector Bodies (Websites and Mobile Applications) (No. 2) Accessibility Regulations 2018 was enacted on 23rd September 2018. The regulations aim to ensure public sector websites and mobile apps are accessible to all users, especially those with disabilities.

¹⁵ Data Protection Act 2018

¹⁶ Website Accessibility Regulations 2018

		Council's Accessibility Statement details how information will be produced on a website and how to gain access to content that is readily accessible to view as well as detailing the technical information of the website along with the methods used for testing the website; the steps being taken to improve accessibility and how the site is being improved to ensure that content meets the WCAG 2.1 Standard under Regulation 8 of the Public Sector Bodies (Websites and Mobile Applications) (No. 2) Accessibility Regulations 2018.
<i>Does the council have official email addresses for correspondence?¹⁷</i>	Yes	Council has a GOV.UK domain for its council website which also supports a secure and digitally managed email system. Council is aware of the importance of ensuring that it uses a secure e-mail system with a gov.uk address thereby identifying that it has local government status and demonstrating authenticity when building trust and credibility with the public.
<i>Is there evidence that electronic files are backed up?</i>	Yes	Council's day to day records are subject to appropriate back-ups
<i>Do terms of reference exist for all committees and is there evidence these are regularly reviewed?</i>	Yes	Council does not operate a standing committee system but uses sub-committees and groups to review and make recommendations to council on matters that are reserved for formal consideration by the council. The terms of reference for the Finance sub-committee were reviewed and approved at the meeting of 29 th July 2024.
Additional comments:		

Signed: **V S Waples**

Date of Internal Audit Reviews: 07.06.25 & 09.06.25

Date of Internal Audit Report: 09.06.2025

On behalf of Suffolk Association of Local Councils

¹⁷ Practitioners Guide